NPS Form 10-900 (Rev. 10-90)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES REGISTRATION FORM



This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Prop	erty						
historic name	Route 66, L	itchfield to Mount	Olive				
other names/site	number						
2. Location							
street & number	Route 66, north o	f Illinois Route 16 in	Litchfield to Mou	ınt Olive	N	ot for publ	lication
city or town	Litchfield				x_	_vicinity	
state Illinois	code IL	county Montgo	mery/Macoupin	code	135/117	zip code	62441
3. State/Federal	Agency Certifica	ntion					
nomination req Register of Historic I property meets	uest for determination Places and meets the does not meet t	ional Historic Preserval n of eligibility meets th procedural and professi the National Register C See continuation she	e documentation stand onal requirements set riteria. I recommend t	lards for re forth in 36 hat this pro	egistering prop 6 CFR Part 60	perties in the	National nion, the
Willen L.	ah			10-	-4 -0 Date	f	
Signature of certi	fying official				Date		
Illinois Historic P State or Federal a							
In my opinion, the continuation shee		neets does not omments.)	meet the National	l Register	r criteria. ( _	See	
Signature of com	menting or other	official			Date		
State or Federal a	gency and bureau		America	n Indian '	Tribe		

#### Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive Name of Property

# Montgomery/Macoupin County, Illinois County and State

4. National Park Service Certification	1	
I, hereby certify that this property is:  entered in the National Register See continuation sheet determined eligible for the	Signature of the Keeper Bull	Date of Action  1(29/0)
-		
5. Classification		
(Check as many boxes as apply)  private  public-local _X_ public-State public-Federal  Category of Property (Check only one box) building(s) district		
site X structure		
object		
Number of Resources within Property (Do not include previously listed resources Contributing Noncontributing 0	in the count)	

Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register

N/A

Name of related multiple property listing (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.)

Historic and Architectural Resources of Route 66 Through Illinois

#### Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive Name of Property

Montgomery/Macoupin County, Illinois County and State

-	**		
	Function	OF	100
v.	1 uncuon	OI.	USC

Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)

Transportation/Road-related

Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions)

Transportation/Road-related

#### 7. Description

Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)

Other: Limited Access Four-Lane Highway

Materials (Enter categories from instructions)

Foundation N/A

Roof N/A

Walls N/A

Other Concrete

Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

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Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive

#### Description

Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive was built between 1943 and 1955. The road segment extends from the section line between Section 29 and 32, Township 9 North, Range 5 West in Montgomery County-- roughly about one mile north of the intersection of Route 66 and Illinois Route 16 in Litchfield-- south and west 9.35 miles to the section line between Sections 2 and 3, Township 7 North, Range 6 West just northwest of Mount Olive in southeastern Macoupin County, Illinois. The road segment passes through North Litchfield, South Litchfield, Cahokia, and Mount Olive Townships. Generally the flat terrain typical of Illinois and utilized for farming characterizes much of the territory through which the road segment passes between Litchfield and Mount Olive. The road segment consists of one contributing structure: the northbound and southbound four-lane highway of former U. S. 66. The road segment is owned and maintained by the Illinois Department of Transportation.

The beginning (north) and end (south) points were agreed upon in consultation with the Illinois Department of Transportation and Illinois Historic Preservation Agency through Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. The beginning and ending points reflect the areas where the four-lane segments remain physically intact and retain sufficient integrity for listing. North of the beginning point of the nominated road segment, the southbound section of the original the four-lane highway has been removed or covered with several feet of soil and is now overgrown with native plants and in some areas rows of trees have been planted. The road continues in this modified state for about 2.4 miles at which point two of the four lanes have been completely removed for the construction of Interstate 55.

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<sup>2</sup> AAA Official Road Map of Illinois. Washington, D.C.: American Automobile Association, 1947, map. 1954 Illinois Official Highway Map. Springfield, Illinois: State of Illinois, 1954, map. 1956 Illinois Official Highway Map. Springfield, Illinois: State of Illinois, 1956, map.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 26th Annual Report of the Department of Public Works and Buildings, Division of Highways, 1943. Springfield, Illinois: Department of Public Works and Buildings, Division of Highways, p. 90. <u>37th Annual Report of the Department of Public Works and Buildings, Division of Highways, 1954.</u> Springfield, Illinois: Department of Public Works and Buildings, Division of Highways. <u>38th Annual Report of the Department of Public Works and Buildings, Division of Highways, 1955.</u> Springfield, Illinois: Department of Public Works and Buildings, Division of Highways.

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Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive

Further northeast the entire four-lane highway has been removed due to the alignment of Interstate 55. South of the end point of the nominated road segment, the northbound lanes of Route 66 have been removed or covered over with several feet of soil and are overgrown with native plants and trees. Because of these alterations the road north of the beginning point and south of the ending point do not sufficiently reflect the design of the original four-lane highway and lack integrity.

The roadway itself consists of two sections of twenty-four-foot wide, ten-inch thick concrete pavement that are generally striped for eleven-foot driving lanes. The southbound lanes were built first in 1943 during World War II, due to the extreme deterioration of the old road caused by increased wartime traffic and heavy truckloads. The northbound lanes were constructed in 1954-1955 following the war, creating a four-lane highway with a center median. A thirty-foot, edge-of-pavement-to-edge-of-pavement grass median separates the southbound lanes from those that carried traffic northbound. The inside and outside shoulders for the historic northbound lanes are overgrown, as are parts of the driving lanes, but the road clearly retains its profile and materials and its physical relationship to the southbound lanes is clearly visible. The southbound lanes now carry two-way traffic and have a four-foot gravel inside shoulder and a ten-foot, outside gravel and grass shoulder (see Attachment A for a sketch of the current cross section).

Since original construction, activities affecting the nominated roadway include the closing of most of the northbound lanes to traffic and installing a macadam overlay for the entire length of the road segment on the lanes that currently remain in use. The historic cross-section twenty-four-foot wide template still exists even though the southbound lanes have been resurfaced.

The road segment begins about one mile north of the intersection of Route 66 and Illinois Route 16 at the west edge of Litchfield. Along both sides of the road, but outside of the right-of-way boundary, is commercial development including restaurants, stores, and motels, some of which were historically associated with Route 66. For about the first two miles of the road, post-1956 frontage roads are aligned parallel to the road segment on both the east and west sides. Due to their newer construction they are not included within the nominated property. One block

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Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive

east of the road in Litchfield, along Columbian Street is the former two-lane alignment of Route 66. This alignment was completed in 1931 and was designated Route 66 until the nominated road segment was completed. This two-lane road segment is not included in this nomination because it is a distinctly separate road construction from the four-lane divided highway addressed in this nomination and its integrity has not yet been assessed. Further west of the road segment is Interstate 55.

Starting at Litchfield and proceeding toward Mount Olive, a mile-by-mile description of the road segment's current condition follows:

- 0.0 mile. Beginning of road segment at the section line between Section 29 and Section 32, Township 9 North, Range 5 West. Macadam overlay on both southbound and northbound lanes. New center turn lanes have been added along this section. Eleven-foot driving lanes.
- 1.0 mile. Intersection of Route 66 and Illinois Route 16 in Litchfield, Illinois.
  Macadam overlay on both southbound and northbound lanes. Eleven-foot driving lanes. A new asphalt left-turn lane cut has been added at the intersection.
- 1.1 miles. Macadam overlay on southbound lanes continues. Original concrete pavement on northbound lanes.
- 1.2 miles. Road crosses abandoned railroad line.

The road continues south out of Litchfield city limits.

- 2.05 miles. Macadam overlay to facilitate transition from historic southbound twolanes to four-lanes necessitated by closure of historic northbound lanes to the south.
- 2.15 miles. Northbound lanes closed, but visible. Southbound lanes carry two-way traffic.
- 2.25 miles. Northbound lanes, closed to traffic, continue with historic concrete pavement. Southbound lanes have older macadam overlay.

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Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive

Road continues south through Section 8, South Litchfield Township and then curves slightly to the southwest in Section 17 and 20 South Litchfield Township. Road parallels Union Pacific Railroad and Norfolk and Western Railroad tracks to the east.

4.3 miles. Cross section with thirty-foot median (including inside shoulders) and twenty-four-foot wide pavement.

Road turns to the southwest in Section 36, Cahokia Township, Montgomery County, Illinois to bypass Mount Olive, Illinois.

7.6 miles. Intersection of road segment with 1931 alignment of Route 66 through Mount Olive. The Union Pacific Railroad and Norfolk and Western Railroad tracks continue southwest leaving the vicinity of the road segment.

Road continues southwest just north of Mount Olive.

9.35 miles. Section line between Section 2 and 3, Township 7 North, Range 6 West. End of road segment.

Name of Property

sheets.)

8. Statement	t of Significance
Applicable N National Reg	National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for gister listing)
_X_ A	Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
B	Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
_ <b>X</b> _C	Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
D	Property has yielded, or is likely to yield information important in prehistory or history.
Criteria Cons	siderations (Mark "X" in all the boxes that apply.)
A	owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
B	removed from its original location.
C	a birthplace or a grave.
D	a cemetery.
E	a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
F	a commemorative property.
_X_G	less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.
Tran	nificance (Enter categories from instructions) sportation neering
Period of Sig	gnificance Transportation 1943-1956; Engineering 1943-1955
Significant D	Dates N/A
Significant P	Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above) N/A
Cultural Affi	liation N/A
Architect/Bu	ilder N/A

Narrative Statement of Significance (Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation

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Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive

#### Statement of Significance

Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive road segment is significant statewide for listing in the National Register of Historic Places. It meets Criterion A for transportation for its association with Route 66, a major national transportation route from Chicago to Santa Monica, California. The period of significance for Criterion A is 1943 when the southbound lanes were completed, to 1956, the ending date for the period of significance established by the approved Multiple Property Documentation Form "Historic and Architectural Resources of Route 66 Through Illinois." It also meets Criterion C for engineering as a representative example of a limited access four-lane highway typical of the latest road-building design standards set forth by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials as applied to Illinois in the 1940s and 1950s. The period of significance for Criterion C is 1943 when the southbound lanes were completed to 1955 when the northbound lanes were completed. Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive meets Criteria Consideration G for properties less than fifty years old as the property is of exceptional importance due to its associations with the famous national transportation highway. Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive meets the registration requirements of the property type "Road Segment" in the Multiple Property Documentation Form "Historic and Architectural Resources of Route 66 Through Illinois."

This nomination is one of four Route 66 road segment nominations prepared in cooperation with the Illinois Department of Transportation (IDOT). IDOT has been agreed to preserve and maintain the road segment as per Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act.

For a discussion of U. S. Route 66 and the "Road Segment" property type, please refer to the Multiple Property Documentation Form, "Historic and Architectural Resources of Route 66 Through Illinois."

#### History

By the 1940s, Route 66 which extended from Chicago through Springfield to St. Louis, was carrying more traffic than any other long-distance highway in the state

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Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive

of Illinois. Due to World War II, the highway's importance increased as a strategic defense road used for military convoys and the transport of wartime materials. Much of the original pavement of Route 66 was still in service. But the age and design of the pavement, together with the concentration of heavy truck traffic had accelerated the destruction of portions of the highway.

By 1942, extensive failure of the pavement at three locations along Route 66 in Illinois reached the stage where not only were maintenance costs excessive, but it was almost impossible to keep the road open to traffic. Plans were made to construct new pavement at these three locations. The new pavement was to be of Portland cement, 24 feet in width, and 10 inches thick to handle the heavier truck traffic. The new pavement would be built to the side of the old pavement and would eventually become the southbound lanes of a new divided four-lane highway. It was intended to keep the old pavement in service until the new pavement was built, and then to abandon the old pavement for the duration of the war, after which it would be rebuilt as the north-bound lanes of a divided four-lane highway. Construction of the three segments began in 1943. One of the three segments included the Litchfield to Mount Olive road segment. This road segment was part of a longer segment, which began north at Illinois Route 48, west of Raymond and extended south for 21.48 miles to the new Staunton bypass that was completed in 1940.

The construction of each of these segments formed a part of the proposed freeway from Chicago to St. Louis, authorized under the Federal Defense Highway Act of 1941, which when completed would provide a modern four-lane pavement of limited-access design. The freeway was designed to bypass towns and cities along the route to avoid traffic tie-ups caused by local traffic. Included in the construction costs for each new section, were funds for the procurement of right-of-way for a full width four-lane highway with a center median. The latest modern design principles with respect to horizontal and vertical alignment, sight distances, railroad and highway grade crossing separation and protection, and other safety features were incorporated for high-speed through traffic for the new highway.<sup>3</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 26th Annual Report of the Department of Public Works and Buildings, Division of Highways.
Springfield, Illinois: Department of Public Works and Buildings, Division of Highways, 1943, p. 107-108.
27th Annual Report of the Department of Public Works and Buildings, Division of Highways.
Springfield, Illinois: Department of Public Works and Buildings, Division of Highways, 1944, p. 66-67.

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As part of the improved highway construction a complete soil survey was made of the proposed improvements and special subgrade treatments for most of the route was recommended. As a result, a gravel and crushed-stone subbase was placed beneath the new concrete to stabilize the subgrade and prevent the recurrence of water trapped underneath the older road which was so destructive to the highway.

The road segment was built to the west of the older route constructed in 1930-1931. In 1943 the road segment was completed and would eventually become the southbound lanes of a limited-access four-lane highway. In Litchfield the newly constructed road segment was designated as Route 66 while the older highway to the east became Old Route 66 and remained open to local traffic.

Following the war, plans were made to complete the northbound lanes forming a four-lane limited-access highway, and in 1954 contracts were awarded. The contract was for a 24-foot-wide concrete highway, 10 inches thick with a 6-inch thick gravel subbase. The highway was completed in 1955.

The construction of the new bypass highway in Litchfield benefited many road-side businesses in town. Often, established businesses were relocated to the newly constructed highway to take advantage of the heavy traffic by offering convenient access to their customers from the road.

Harlow's Shell Service Station is an example of the relocation of a business by its owner to take advantage of the newly opened road. In 1926 Ray Harlow opened a Shell Station at the northwest corner of North State Street and Union Avenue in downtown Litchfield. In 1945, Harlow leased the station and moved to old Route 66 where he operated a Shell Service Station. In 1952 Harlow built a two-bay service station on Illinois Route 16 and the Route 66 bypass. The station has been demolished.

The Annex Cafe, Motel, and Service Station located in south Litchfield had access from both Old Route 66 as well as from the new highway. This allowed the owners

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to take advantage of local traffic as well as the traffic from the highway. In the early 1950s to take advantage of the increased highway traffic a 125-seat restaurant was built, a two-bay service station was constructed in 1951, and a five-unit motel addition with attached garages was built in 1953. The Annex Cafe and Motel still stands although the service station has been demolished and the attached garages of the motel have been turned into motel units.

#### Transportation

Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive meets Criterion A for transportation for its association with Route 66 from 1943 through 1956. During this time period the hard road allowed for the quicker transport of goods and services for the citizens of Illinois. The completion of Route 66 allowed the economical interstate transport of goods from Chicago through Illinois to California. The designation and construction of Route 66 made the highway the major transportation route between Chicago and southern California. Truckers could easily haul freight and manufactured goods through this road segment on their way to and from Chicago and St. Louis and to cities and towns along the route including East St. Louis, Springfield, Bloomington, and Joliet. The construction of the limited-access four-lane highway around Litchfield and Mount Olive allowed for safer and quicker highway travel for tourists, truckers, sales people, and motorists on Route 66. By the 1940s Route 66 was recognized as the State's most important long-distance highway. In 1949 its year-round average daily traffic count was over 3,000 vehicles with a relatively high proportion of commercial traffic.

### Engineering

Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive meets Criterion C for engineering as a good example of federal-aided highway construction from the 1940s and 1950s. It remains as a significant reminder of the engineering and the workmanship involved in road building during this time period. The road segment with its 24' wide cross-section template, 10" thick Portland cement construction, 6" thick crushed-stone subbase, two, two-lane roads separated by a 30-foot central median, and limited access is representative of road-building design standards set forth by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials during the 1940s and 1950s. The construction of this segment formed a part of Route 66 running from

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Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive

Chicago to St. Louis which, when completed would provide traffic with a modern four-lane pavement of limited-access design. The new highway incorporated the latest modern principles at the time related to road construction including horizontal and vertical alignment, sight distances, railroad and highway grade crossing separation and protection, and other safety features for high-speed through traffic.

#### Integrity

The Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive four-lane highway segment contains a high degree of historic integrity of association, location, design, materials, workmanship, setting, and feeling. Integrity of association and location requires that the property was part of U.S. Route 66 in Illinois during the years of significance, 1926-1956, and that its alignment is verifiable. This segment was part of Route 66 during its years of significance and its alignment is verifiable based on historic maps and Illinois Department of Transportation Records.

Integrity of materials, design, and workmanship, refers to the physical features of the road. These physical features include cross-section template, bridges, culverts, and guard rails. The Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive road segment maintains its original cross-section template with its twenty-four-foot-wide concrete pavement, thirty-foot median, and gravel and grass shoulders. Most of the gravel shoulders have been grown over with weeds and grasses and have had various grading, but their historic profile is still maintained. There has been macadam overlay placed on most of the southbound lanes but the historic cross-section template still remains. The original concrete pavement still exists on the northbound lanes.

Integrity of feeling and setting refers to the degree to which the road recalls the commercial and automobile experience during the years of significance. The length of the road segment is important in determining the integrity of feeling and setting. Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive road segment is 9.35 miles in length. Through its original cross-section template, original concrete pavement, and length in addition to the largely farmed land through which it passes this road segment is able to evoke a sense of what traveling on Route 66 might have been like in the 1940s and 1950s.

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Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive

#### Comparisons

Extant four-lane road segments of Route 66 dating from the 1940s-1950s remain in Illinois. Most four-lane segments exist around towns and cities where Interstate 55 has been aligned further east or west of these areas to avoid congestion. Many fout lane segments have had two of their lanes reengineered, repaved, and realigned for Interstate 55 leaving only two lanes of the original four lanes of Route 66 to the side of the interstate.

Some of the comparison Route 66 four-lane road segments from the 1940s and 1950s are as follows:

In Logan County extending around the southwest, west, and north sides of Lincoln northeast to Lawndale is a 10.35 miles four-lane segment. The limited-access four-lane highway around Lincoln was begun in 1940 and completed in the early 1950s.

The Pontiac to Chenoa segment in south central Livingston and northern McLean counties is 18.45 miles long. This segment was built between 1944 and 1955.

Shorter four-lane segments exist around Williamsville in Sangamon County; Elkhart and Atlanta in Logan County; Lexington in McLean County; and Odell and Dwight in Livingston County.

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(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more	e continuation sheets,)		
Previous documentation on file (NPS)			
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested.			
previously listed in the National Register			
previously determined eligible by the National Register			
designated a National Historic Landmark			
recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #			
recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #			
Primary Location of Additional Data			
State Historic Preservation Office			
Other State agency			
Federal agency			
Local government			
University			
Other			
Name of repository			
10. Geographical Data			
Acreage of Property 98 Acres			
UTM References (Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet)			
Zone Easting Northing Zone Easting Northing			
1 16 269875 4341065 3 16 265720 4330250			
2 16 269400 4335120 4 16 263290 4329390			
_x_ See continuation sheet.			
Verbal Boundary Description			
(Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)			
Boundary Justification			
(Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)			

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#### Bibliography

AAA Official Road Map of Illinois. Washington, D. C.: American Automobile Association, 1947.

1954 Illinois Official Highway Map. Springfield, Illinois: State of Illinois, 1954.

1955 Illinois Official Highway Map. Springfield, Illinois: State of Illinois, 1955.

"Route 66 Operational Guidelines." Prepared by Barton-Aschman Associates, Inc., and Archaeological Research, Inc., September 1996. Copy on file at Heritage Research, Ltd., Menomonee Falls, WI.

Seratt, Dorothy and Terri Ryburn-Lamont, Route 66 Association of Illinois. Multiple Property Documentation Form, "Historic and Architectural Resources of Route 66 Through Illinois." 1997.

<u>26th Annual Report of the Department of Public Works and Buildings, Division of Highways, 1943</u>. Springfield, Illinois: Department of Public Works and Buildings, Division of Highways.

37th Annual Report of the Department of Public Works and Buildings, Division of Highways, 1954. Springfield, Illinois: Department of Public Works and Buildings, Division of Highways.

38th Annual Report of the Department of Public Works and Buildings, Division of Highways, 1955. Springfield, Illinois: Department of Public Works and Buildings, Division of Highways.

Wallis, Michael. Route 66: The Mother Road. New York: St. Martin's Press, 1990.

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Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive

#### Verbal Boundary Description

The road segment extends south from the section line between Section 29 and 32, Township 9 North, Range 5 West in Montogmery County-- roughly about one mile north of the intersection of Route 66 and Illinois Route 16 in Litchfield--to the section line between Sections 2 and 3, Township 7 North, Range 6 West just northwest of Mount Olive in southeastern Macoupin County, Illinois. It is located in Section 32 of North Litchfield Township, Montgomery County; Sections 5, 8, 17, 19, 20, and 30 of South Litchfield Township, Montgomery County; Section 35 and 36 of Cahokia Township; Section 2 of Mount Olive Township, Macoupin County, Illinois. The lateral boundaries of the road segment run concurrently with the Illinois Department of Transportation-owned right-of-way. The boundary of the nominated property is delineated by a polygon whose vertices are marked by UTM reference points. The boundary is indicated on the Litchfield and Mount Olive quadrangle maps.

#### **Boundary Justification**

This boundary includes that area historically associated with Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive from 1943-1956 and that maintains historic integrity.

### Form Prepared By

John N. Vogel and David Keene, Heritage Research, Ltd., N89 W16785 Appleton Avenue, Menomonee Falls, WI 53051. Ph. (414) 251-7792

#### UTM

- East 269875
   North 4341065
- 2. East 269400 North 4335120
- 3. East 265720 North 4330250
- 4. East 263290 North 4329390

#### Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive Name of Property

Montgomery/Macoupin County, Illinois County and State

11. Form Prepared By

name/title David Newton, Assistant National Register Coordinator

(revised according to NPS comments by Tracey Sculle, Survey and National

Register Coordinator)

organization date November 1998 (August 7, 2001)

street & number Old State Capitol Plaza telephone 217-785-4324

city or town Springfield state Illinois zip code 62701

Additional Documentation

Submit the following items with the completed form:

Continuation Sheets

Maps

A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.

A sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.

Photographs

Representative black and white photographs of the property.

Additional items (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

**Property Owner** 

(Complete this item at the request of the SHPO or FPO.)

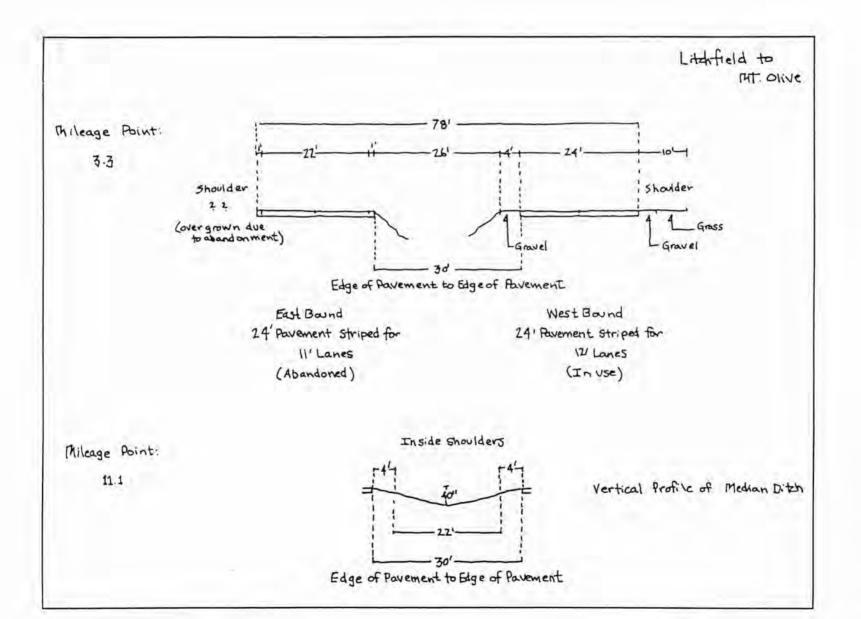
name Illinois Department of Transportation

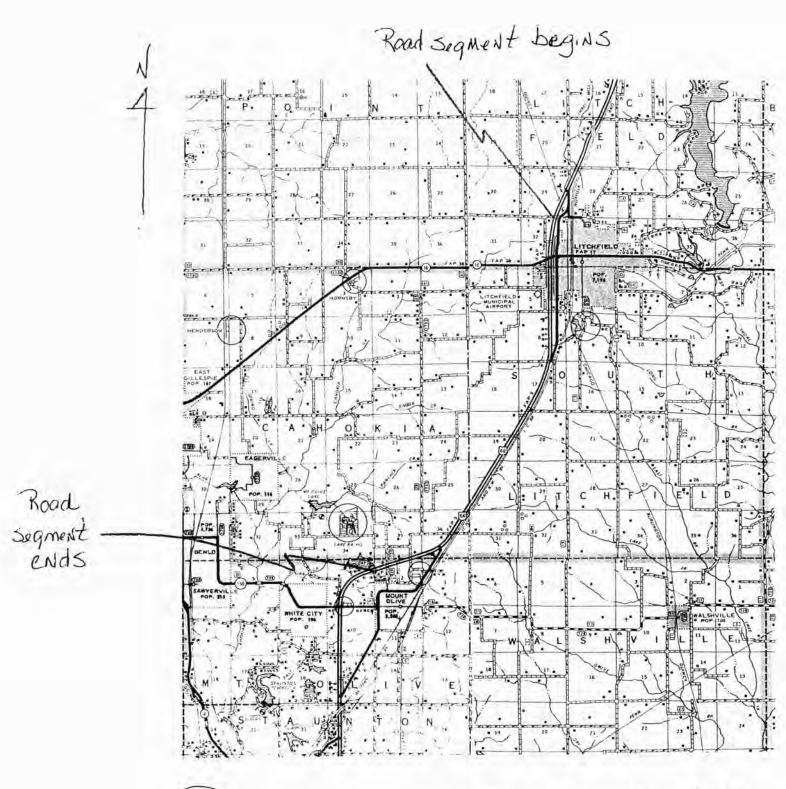
street & number 3200 South Dirksen Parkway telephone

city or town Springfield state Illinois zip code 62706

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Project (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.



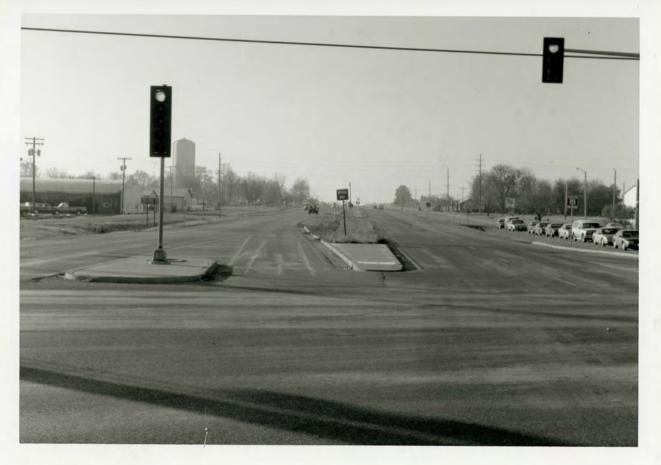


Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive

### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

#### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

	CTION: NOMINA	
PROPERTY I	Route 66, Litch	hfield to Mount Olive
MULTIPLE NAME:	Route 66 throug	gh Illinois MPS
STATE & COU	NTY: ILLINOIS	, Montgomery
DATE RECEIVEDATE OF 16TH DATE OF WEEK	H DAY: 11/29	9/01 DATE OF PENDING LIST: 11/13/01 9/01 DATE OF 45TH DAY: 12/04/01
REFERENCE N	UMBER: 0100131	12
REASONS FOR	REVIEW:	
APPEAL: N OTHER: N REQUEST: N	PDIL:	N LANDSCAPE: N LESS THAN 50 YEARS: N N PERIOD: N PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N N SLR DRAFT: N NATIONAL: N
COMMENT WAIT	VER: N	1-0/-
ACCEPT	RETURN	REJECT
ABSTRACT/SUI	MMARY COMMENTS	
	E	ntered in the
	N	ational Register
RECOM./CRIT	ERIA	
RECOM./CRIT	ERIA	DISCIPLINE



Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive Montgomery + Macoupin Counties, IL John Vogel 2000 IHPD, Springfield, IL 62701 Beginning of segment looking south #1



Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive Montgomery & Macoupin Counties, JC John Vogel 2000 JUPA, Springsido, IL 62701 1.35 miles South as beginning point, Viewto South #2



Route 66, Litchsield to Mount Olive Montgomery & Macoupin Courties, IC John Vose 2000 JAPA Springfield, JL 62701 6.4 miles south osbesinning point, view to Northeast #3



Route 66, Litchfield to Mount Olive Montgomery & Macoupin Counties, IL John Vogel 2000 JHPA, Springfield, IL 62701 6.4 miles South of beginning point, viendo Southwest #4



Route 66 LHchfield to Mt. Oliva Montgomeny County, Macoupin County, Je John Vosel 2000 IHPD, Springfield, IC GENOI Look, how



Route 66, Litch field to Mount Olice Montgomery + Macoupin Country, JL John Vosel 2000 IHPA, Sprinsfield, JC 62701 Looking Swal Mound Olive Junction # C



Koute 66, Litch field to Mount Olive Montgomen, + Macoupin Counties, JC John Vosel 2000 JHPD, Springfield, JC 62701 lanes end of Nominated segment

