United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

1. Name of Property				
historic name Baxter Springs Independent Oil	& Gas Service	Station		
other names/site number Baxter Springs Phill	ips 66; Parsons	Oil		_
2. Location				
street & number 940 Military Avenue			[n/a] not for publica	ıtion
city or town Baxter Springs			[n/a] vicinity	
state <u>Kansas</u> code <u>KS</u> county <u>(</u>	Cherokee	code <u>_021</u> _zip	code <u>67331</u>	
3. State/Federal Agency Certification				No.
As the designated authority under the National Historic P [] nomination [] request for determination of eligibility National Register of Historic Places and meets the proc my opinion, the property [] meets [] does not meet considered significant [] nationally [] statewide [X] local (See confinuation sheet for additional comments [].) Signature of certifying official/Title SHPO D	Preservation Act, as meets the docum edural and profess to the National Really.	s amended, I hereby entation standards f sional requirements s gister criteria. I reco	certify that this or registering properties set forth in 36 CFR Par ommend that this prop	in the t 60. In erty be
Kansas State Historical Society State or Federal agency and bureau				
In my opinion, the property [X] meets [] does not meet the (See continuation sheet for additional comments [].)	he National Regist	er criteria.		
Signature of certifying official/Title				
State or Federal agency and bureau				
4. National Park Service Certification				
I hereby certify that the property is:	Signature o	the Keeper	Date	
[] entered in the National Register See continuation sheet []. [] determined eligible for the National Register See continuation sheet []. [] determined not eligible for the National Register. [] removed from the National Register [] other, explain See continuation sheet [].				

Baxter Springs Independent Oil and Gas Station Cherokee County, KS

Ownership of Property	Category of Property		urces within Propert Noncontributing		
[X] private [] public-local	[X] building(s) [] district	1	buildings		
[] public-State [] public-Federal	[] site [] structure [] object		sites		
			structures		
			objects		
		1	Total		
Name of related multiple pr	roperty listing.	Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register.			
Route 66 in Kansas		0			
6. Function or Use					
Historic Function COMMERCE: Specialty Store		Current Functions COMMERCE: Specials	ty Store		
7. Description					
Architectural Classification		Materials foundation CONCRET	r F		
	TUDOR REVIVAL		walls BRICK roof ASBESTOS other STUCCO		

Baxter Springs Independent Oil and Gas Station Cherokee County, KS

10. Geogra	aphical Data					
Acreage o	f Property _	less than 1acre				
UTM Refe	rences					
A. Zone 15	Easting 3456	90 Northing 4098940	B. Zone	Easting	Northing	
C. Zone	Easting	Northing	D. Zone	Easting	Northing	
			[]See	continuation s	heet	
	undary Desc boundaries of the	ription property on a continuation she	eet.)			
	Justification he boundaries we	l re selected on a continuation s	sheet.)			
11. Form I	Prepared By					
name/title_	Elizabeth R	osin, Partner				
organization Historic Preservation Services, LLC			date <u>D</u>	date <u>December 1, 2002</u>		
street & number 323 West 8th Street, Suite 112			telephor	telephone816-221-5133		
city or town <u>Kansas City</u> state <u>MO</u>		zip code	zip code <u>64105</u>			
	I Documenta following iter	tion ns with the completed	form:			
Continuat	ion Sheets					
Maps			\			
A USGS	map (7.5 or 15 m	ninute series) indicating the pro	perty's location.			
A Sketcl	h map for historic	districts and properties having	large acreage or num	nerous resources.		
Photograp	phs					
Represe	ntative black-and	l-white photographs of the pr	operty.			
Additiona (Check	I Items with the SHPO or	FPO for any additional items)				
		est of SHPO or FPO.)				
name Th	<u>omas G. Ree</u>	ves				
street & nu	umber <u>3826</u>	W. Junge Blvd.		telephor	ne <u>417-781-3221</u>	
city or tow	n Ionlin		state MO	zin code	64801-8929	

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National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

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Baxter Springs Independent Oil and Gas Station Cherokee County, KS

SUMMARY

The Baxter Springs Independent Oil and Gas Station is a one-story, L-shaped automobile service station. Its brick construction, cross-gabled roof configuration, stucco and false-timbered gable ends, and multilight casement windows convey the building's simple commercial adaptation of the Tudor Revival style. Located at the northeast corner of 10th Street and Military Avenue, the station is at the north end of the Baxter Springs commercial district. The building is set back toward the northeast corner of the lot. The open area in front (south and west) of the building has a paved asphalt surface with wide curb cuts on to both Military Avenue and 10th Street. A tall, shield-shaped Phillips 66 pole sign is at the southwest corner of the property. The station is in good condition and retains sufficient integrity to clearly convey its historical significance.

ELABORATION

Resting on a concrete slab foundation, the walls of the brick building are laid in a running bond. A header beltcourse projects slightly from the plane of the wall, encircling the building at the base of the windows. The brick has been painted. Stucco with decorative half-timbering clads the gable ends. The timber design incorporates a rectangular metal vent below each gable peak.

Asbestos shingles cover the cross-gabled roof. The roof has a moderate pitch and wide eaves that flair slightly to incorporate box gutters at the base of each sloped side. The gable ends have beadboard soffits and false rafter tails that terminate through the flat fascia boards in chamfered, square ends. A brick chimney with clay chimney pots rises on the ridge toward the center of the building.

The building is oriented toward the south. The main façade can be divided into five bays. The western bay has a cross-gabled roof that is lower than the main ridge and projects slightly to the south. This bay contains the man door that is the main entrance to the building and a rectangular, copper-roofed bay window that projects slightly from the main wall. The next three bays in the long south wall of the building include pairs of multi-light casement windows flanking a wide, fixed picture window. The picture window appears to be a modification to the original building design. All of these openings have decorative metal shutters.

The fifth, easternmost bay in the south elevation includes the short arm of the L, which projects from the main body of the building one additional bay in depth. The east and west elevations of this block contain pairs of double-hung windows. Metal shutters flank the pair of windows on the west side. The south elevation of this block originally contained the door to the service garage. That opening now contains infill of vertically hung T111 siding, a man door, and a small double-hung window. While it is likely that the openings in the east and west elevations of this block are original to this 1940 addition, it is not clear whether they were originally filled with casement windows like the older portion of the building or double-hung units, similar to those that are extant today.

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Openings in the remaining elevations include a man door and a pair of casement windows in the west end and two single casement windows near the west end of the north elevation, one of which is boarded up.

The interior contains four primary spaces. The first is the original office area at the west end of the building. A single lavatory occupies the northwest corner of the office and a metal-frame counter with a glass display case divides the room roughly in half. The middle room has a bank of wood cabinetry on the south wall. At the east end of the building, a gypsum board wall and a door divide the original service bay north-south into two spaces. At the northeast corner of the service bay is a small fifth space that contains mechanical equipment and storage.

The interior retains functional finishes. The exposed brick walls have been painted; industrial grade carpet covers the scored concrete floor; and a lay-in ceiling grid has been installed below the original plaster to hide mechanical ductwork and wiring. Fluorescent box lights hang from the ceiling. The doorways retain their original, simple, wood frames. The original casement windows are set in the brick openings without additional decorative framing.

The bathroom has a light green wainscot of square tiles surrounded by a medium green tile trim. The two-paneled wood door has a metal knob. The fixtures appear to be original. The exterior door on the west end of the building likely provided access to a second restroom, which backed up to and shared a plumbing chase with this lavatory. The two single casement windows on the north elevation allowed natural light into the restrooms.

INTEGRITY

The Baxter Springs Independent Oil and Gas Station retains sufficient integrity to convey its historical significance as a rare surviving example of an early twentieth century picturesque cottage service station, as an example of the corporate architecture of the Independent Oil and Gas Company, and for its associations with Route 66. The enlargement of the building in 1940 occurred more than fifty years ago and has achieved historic significance in its own right. The primary non-historic alteration was the infill of the service bay opening. It is unclear from the physical and archival information available whether the picture window on the south elevation and the double-hung windows on the projecting east block were original to the 1940 building addition or if they represent later alterations. However, despite these changes, the station retains its historic plan, form, materials, and details of design that clearly express its original function as an early automobile service station, as well as the iconography of its owners, first Independent Oil and Gas and later Phillips Petroleum. Occupying a corner lot surrounded by asphalt, it also retains integrity in the areas of location and setting, which are necessary to communicate its significance as a service station and its associations with the Route 66 context.

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Baxter Springs Independent Oil and Gas Station Cherokee County, KS

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Baxter Springs Independent Oil and Gas Station is significant under National Register Criterion A in the area of COMMERCE and under Criterion C in the area of ARCHITECTURE for its association with Route 66 as described in the Multiple Property Documentation Form *Historic Resources of Route 66 in Kansas*. Constructed in 1930 on the northern fringe of the Baxter Springs business district, it represents a direct response to the increase in automobile and truck traffic generated by the designation of the federal highway. The cottage style architecture mirrored the contemporary national trend in service station design and represented the corporate imagery of the Independent Oil and Gas Company for whom the station was built. Due in part to its short length, the 13 mile stretch of Route 66 through Kansas retains few significant resources directly associated with this early federal highway. This paucity increases the significance of the property as a representative example of the surviving commercial architecture constructed along Route 66. The period of significance for this resource begins with its construction in 1930 and ends in 1953, the arbitrary fifty-year cutoff. However, in the future the end date could extend to 1961, the year Interstate 44 bypassed the Kansas segment of Route 66.

PROPERTY HISTORY

Prior to 1930, a one-story brick business occupied the lot at the northeast corner of 10th Street and Military Avenue, just one block north of the center of downtown Baxter Springs. Deed records indicate that an ownership group led by A. Leroy Harvey sold the property in December 1929 to the Independent Oil and Gas Company. The Sanborn map prepared the following July shows a new, small, brick service station and two gasoline tanks on the lot.

Edward H. Moore organized the Independent Oil and Gas Company (IOG) during the Oklahoma oil boom of the 1910s. In 1926, Waite Phillips, an established Oklahoma oilman, became Chairman of IOG's Board of Directors after underwriting \$6 million in stock for the company and merging IOG with his own oil company, Philmack. Moore, IOG's president, was a heavy speculator in the stock market and continued to borrow money from Phillips to keep his credit with the brokerage firms. However, Moore became insolvent when the stock market crashed in October 1929. To protect company interests, Phillips took over the management of IOG and ousted Moore, replacing him with R. C. Sharp. Earlier in the decade, Phillips had made millions from the sale of his previous oil company and he no longer had

Sanborn Map Company, Insurance Maps of Baxter Springs, Kansas, (New York: Sanborn Map Company, 1926).

² Cherokee County Deed Records, Cherokee County Courthouse, Columbus, Kansas.

³ Sanborn Map Company, Insurance Maps of Baxter Springs, Kansas, (New York: Sanborn Map Company, 1930).

⁴ Wallis, Michael, Oil Man: The Story of Frank Phillips and the Birth of Phillips Petroleum, (New York: Doubleday, 1988), 312.

Wallis, Michael, Beyond the Hills: The Journey of Waite Phillips, (Oklahoma City: Oklahoma Heritage Association, 1995), 252, 237.

⁶ Ibid, 252.

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Baxter Springs Independent Oil and Gas Station Cherokee County, KS

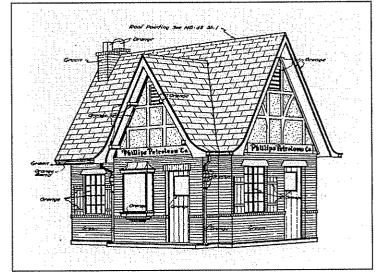
an interest in running day-to-day company operations. Unfortunately, the national economic conditions precluded the ability to sell IOG at that time.⁷

During the winter of 1929-1930, Frank Phillips, Waite's older brother and the founder of Phillips Petroleum, approached Waite about a possible merger of the two companies. Phillips Petroleum needed to expand its holdings in order to maintain stockholder interest in the company, which had been strong until the market collapse. By September 1930, the merger between IOG and Phillips Petroleum was complete. By the following September, the Baxter Springs property had transferred from the ownership of IOG to Phillips Petroleum. 9

During the late 1920s and early 1930s, oil companies sought to attract loyal customers and to develop a corporate brand by establishing a uniform station design that incorporated easily recognizable company imagery. Standardized service station design also adopted a domestic flair. The automotive cottages appeased local customers by blending in with the surrounding residential neighborhoods and provided travelers passing through the area with a sense of security and comfort. To blend into the local environment, "tasteful" stations were designed with elements of Colonial, Craftsman, and Tudor architecture. Several companies, including Independent Oil and Gas and Phillips Petroleum, adopted the picturesque cottage motif as the company model. These stations resembled small rustic cottages.

Their designs featured brick and stucco walls, pitched roofs with chimneys, and shuttered windows.¹¹ A bay window next to the door displayed products for sale.

The overall feeling of the Baxter Springs Independent Oil and Gas station was distinctly in keeping with national trends in cottage-style service station design. Following the company prototype, a small copper-roofed bay window was located next to the entrance on the main building facade; the cross-gabled roof exhibited elements of Tudor styling at the eaves and in the gable peaks; and a chimney rose on the east end wall. A 1932 painting plan for an IOG station in the Phillips Petroleum



⁷ Ibid, 246.

⁸ Ibid, 253, 255.

⁹ Cherokee County Deed Records.

¹⁰ Viyera, Daniel I., "Fill'er Up": An Architectural History of America's Gas Stations, (New York: Macmillan Publishing Co., 1979), 41.

¹¹ Cottage to C-Store, (Phillips Petroleum Company; accessed 14 November 2002); available from http://www.phillips66.com/about/cottage.html; Internet.

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archives shows an IOG prototype that is a mirror image of the Baxter Springs station.¹²

Between 1930 and 1942, Phillips Petroleum constructed an L-shaped addition with a greasing rack on the east end of the Baxter Springs station.¹³ Such additions were common because most early cottages did not provide indoor service areas. By the 1930s, stations needed maintenance and repair capabilities to remain competitive.¹⁴ The result, as seen in Baxter Springs, was often a design with an L-shaped configuration that replicated the brick, stucco, and half-timbered design of the original building. The chimney, which originally rose on the exterior east wall, was now at the center of the station. A photo from the 1940s in the collection of the Baxter Springs Heritage Center shows an attendant standing between the gas pumps in front of the updated station, which has a rooftop sign advertising Phillips 66.¹⁵

Phillips Petroleum owned the property until 1958, when they sold it to J. R. Parsons, et al. The Parsons family operated the station as Parsons Oil, until selling it to Phil R. Coulter and wife in December 1966. Coulter sold the property to the Cherokee Oil Company the following March, and Cherokee Oil sold it to the Frances Reeves Oil Company in April 1969. The current owner, Thomas Reeves, is the son of Frances Reeves. After operating as an auto service station for forty years, the building was converted to an office in the 1970s. It was probably at this time that the service bay was infilled. The building now houses a dog-grooming parlor.

¹² Phillips Petroleum Company, "Painting Specifications for Independent Oil and Gas Type "C" Service Station," (Bartlesville, Oklahoma: Phillips Petroleum Company, 1932). In the Corporate Archives of the Phillips Petroleum Company, Bartlesville, Oklahoma.

¹³ Sanborn Map Company, *Insurance Maps of Baxter Springs, Kansas*, (New York: Sanborn Map Company, 1930 corrected to 1942).

¹⁴ Vieyra, 45.

¹⁵ Anonymous, [Baxter Springs Phillips 66] P1771, in the collection of the Baxter Springs Heritage Center, Baxter Springs, Kansas.

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VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

The West 92 feet of Lot 7, Block 5, Original Plat of Baxter Springs, Cherokee County, Kansas.

BOUNDARY JUSTIFICATION

The boundary for this nomination includes the parcel of land with which the resource has historically been associated.

PHOTO LOG

Photographer:

Elizabeth Rosin

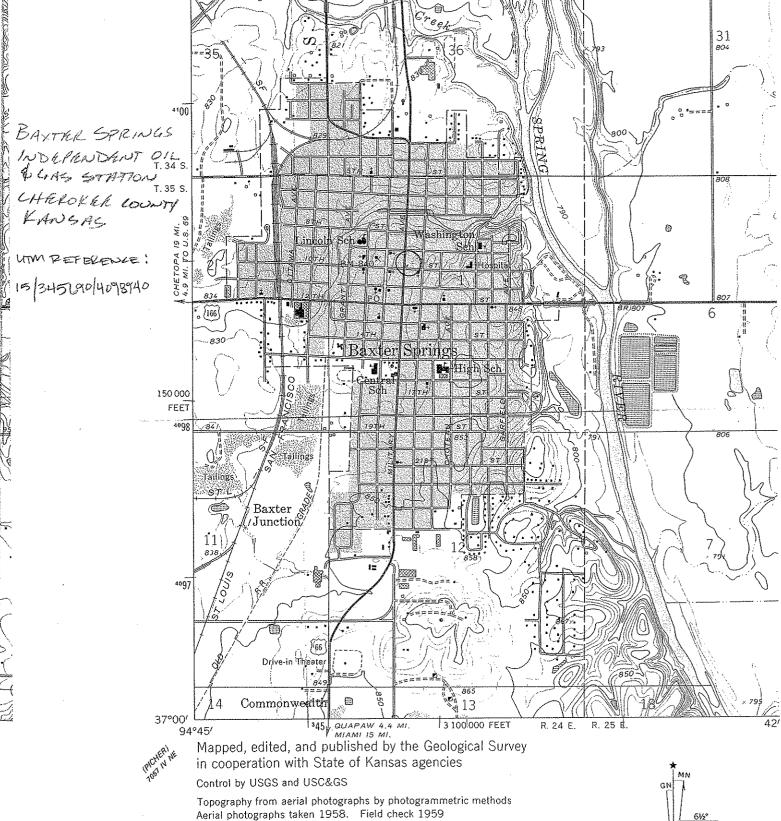
Date of Photographs:

September 2002

Location of Negatives:

Kansas State Historical Society, Topeka, Kansas

- 1) South elevation, view looking north.
- 2) South elevation, view looking north.
- 3) South and west elevations, view looking northeast.
- 4) South and east elevations of service bay, view looking northwest.
- 5) North and west elevations of office, view looking southeast.
- 6) Office (westernmost room) with counter, view looking east.
- 7) Center room looking at original exterior wall with chimney, view looking west.
- 8) View from service bay to center room, view looking west.
- 9) Lavatory, view looking west.



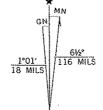
Polyconic projection. 1927 North American datum 10,000-foot grid based on Kansas coordinate system, south zone 1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks,

zone 15, shown in blue

Red tint indicates areas in which only landmark buildings are shown

Revisions shown in purple compiled from aerial photographs taken 1977. Map edited 1978. This information not field checked

Purple tint Indicates extension of urban area



UTM GRID AND 1978 MAGNETIC NORTH DECLINATION AT CENTER OF SHEET

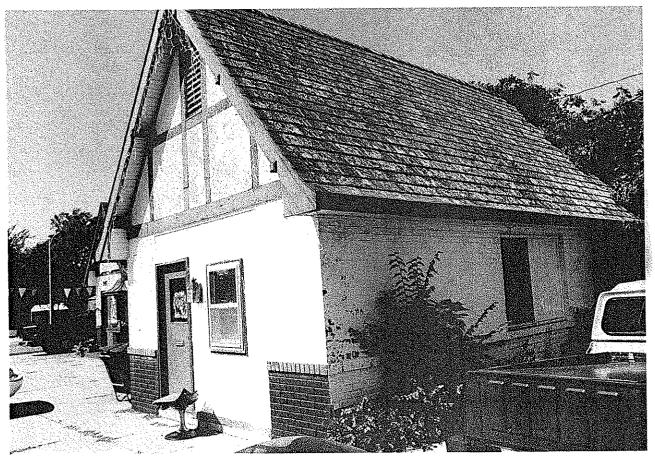


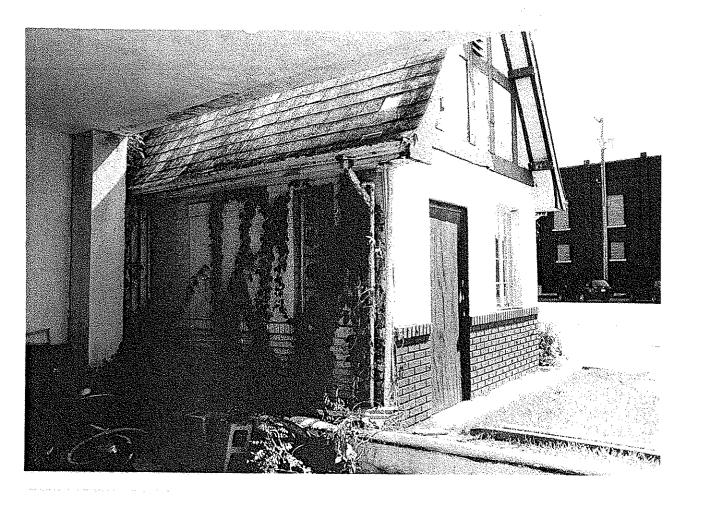


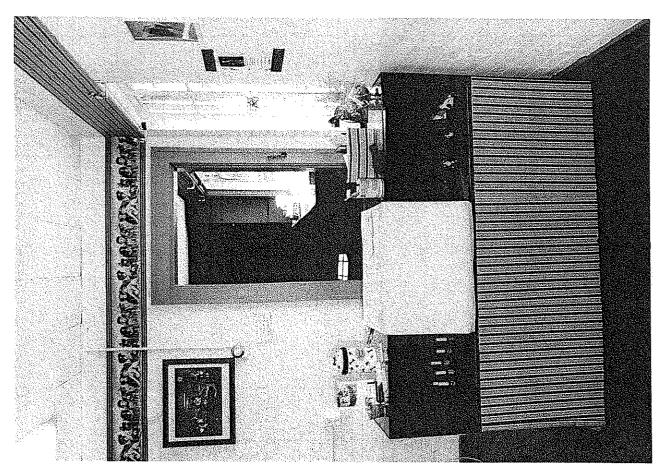






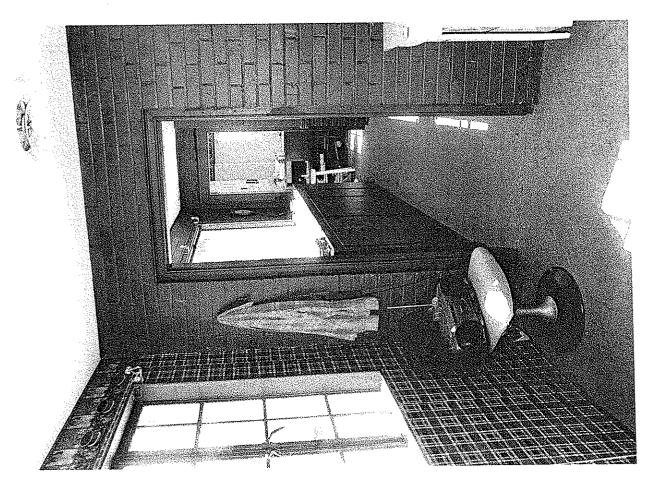


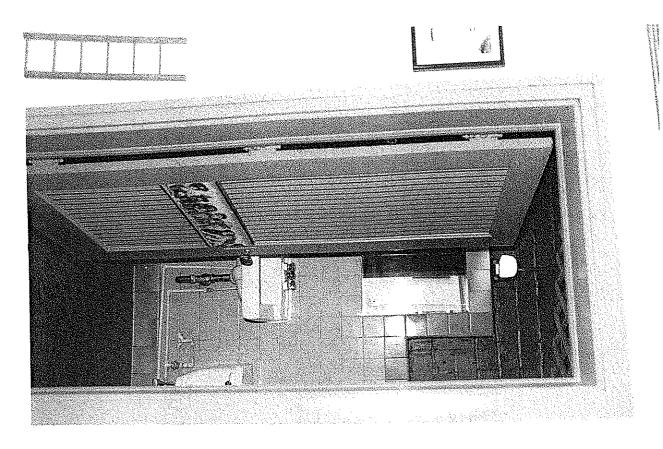












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